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Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of:

Inventor(s): James E. Buchman

For: RECLOSABLE PACKAGE HAVING A ZIPPER CLOSURE, SLIDER DEVICE
AND TAMPER-EVIDENT STRUCTURE

Enclosed are:

☒ 4 sheets of drawing.

☒ An assignment of the invention to Reynolds Consumer Products, Inc..

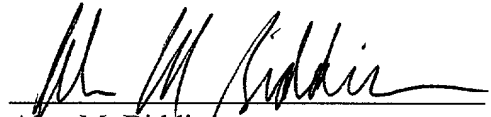
☐ A certified copy of a application

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Claims	(1) For	(2) No. Filed	(3) No. Extra	(4) Rate	(5) Calculations
	Total Claims	17 - 20 =	0	x \$18.00 =	0
	Independent Claims	3 - 3 =	0	x \$78.00 =	0
	Multiple Dependent Claims (if any)			+ \$260.00 =	0
				Basic Fee	\$690.00
				Total =	\$690.00

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**RECLOSABLE PACKAGE HAVING A ZIPPER CLOSURE, SLIDER DEVICE
AND TAMPER-EVIDENT STRUCTURE**

5 Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) is claimed to provisional application serial number 60/176,872, filed on January 18, 2000, and entitled "Reclosable Package Having a Zipper Closure, Slider Device and Tamper-Evident Structure". The complete disclosure of application 60/176,872 is incorporated by reference herein.

Field of the Disclosure

10 This disclosure concerns reclosable packages. In particular, this disclosure describes packages having slider devices for opening and closing the packages, and also having tamper-evident structures.

Background

15 Flexible packages, in particular resealable and recloseable packages, are frequently used for packaging of consumable goods. Goods that are not used completely when the package is initially opened rely on a zipper closure to reclose the package and keep the remaining contents fresh. Examples of consumable goods that are often packaged in packages, such as bags, with a zipper closure include potting soil, fertilizer, pet food, dog biscuits, vegetables, cereal, and many different foods edible by
20 humans.

 Often, the opening and closing of the zipper closure is facilitated by a slider device that is mounted on the zipper closure. The slider device is constructed to pry apart the interlocking zipper closure members when the slider device is moved in a first direction along the zipper, and to engage the interlocking zipper closure members when
25 the slider device is moved in a second, opposite direction along the zipper. For some applications, a tamper-evident structure, to notify whether access has been gained to the zipper closure, is desired. Improvements in these types of packages are desirable.

Brief Description of the Drawings

FIG. 1 is a front plan view of a first embodiment of a flexible, reclosable package having a slider device and a tamper-evident structure;

FIG. 2 is a cross-sectional view of the flexible, reclosable package taken
5 along line 2-2 of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a cross-sectional view of a second embodiment of a flexible, reclosable package analogous to the view taken along line 2-2 of FIG. 1; and

FIG. 4 is a front plan view of the flexible, reclosable package of FIGS. 1 and 2 with the tamper-evident structure removed.

10

Summary of the Disclosure

The present disclosure relates to a flexible bag, having a resealable, reclosable zipper closure mechanism, opening and closing of which is accomplished by a slider device. The slider device is constructed and arranged for mounting on the
15 closure construction and for interlocking and disengaging the first mating profile with the second mating profile. When the slider device is moved in a first direction, the first mating profile is engaged to the second mating profile; when the slider device is moved in a second opposite direction, the first mating profile is disengaged from the second mating profile. A tamper-evident seal is provided on the exterior of the zipper closure
20 so as to provide evidence whether access has been gained to the interior of the package. Additionally, an internal tamper-evident structure, such as a second tamper-evident structure or a peel seal can be included in the package.

In particular, the disclosure is directed to a flexible, reclosable package comprising first and second panel sections defining an interior. A zipper closure is
25 sealed to each of first and second panel sections along a top edge of the package, the zipper closure extending from a first side edge to a second side edge and comprising first and second mating profiles. A slider device, constructed and arranged for mounting on the zipper closure and for interlocking the first mating profile with the second mating profile when the slider device is moved in a first direction and

disengaging the first mating profile from the second mating profile when the slider device is moved in a second opposite direction, is operably mounted on the zipper closure. Disposed at the top edge and encasing a first portion of the zipper closure is a tamper-evident structure having an opening exposing the slider device, the opening
5 defined by the tamper-evident structure.

Methods of making such a package, and methods of using such a package, are also disclosed.

Detailed Description

The addition of a slider device to a flexible package, such as a bag, is
10 advantageous to aging or arthritic persons not having the physical ability to use just a zipper closure to reseal a bag. Additionally, the addition of a slider device to a flexible package facilitates the use of the bag by users of all ages and abilities. The presence of an external tamper-evident structure provides assurance that undesired access has not been gained to the interior and contents of the package.

15 A flexible, reclosable package 10 is shown in FIGS. 1 and 2. Package 10 includes four edges, a first side edge 13, a bottom edge 15, a second side edge 17, and a top edge 19. Providing the structure of package 10 are polymeric film side panels 12 and 14 (FIG. 2), which, with edges 13, 15, 17, define an interior 11, as best seen in FIG. 2.

20 Side panels 12, 14 are connected to each other at each of side edges 13, 17, bottom edge 15, and top edge 19. In FIG. 1, side edges 13, 17 are seals created by the application of heat and pressure to side panels 12, 14. As best seen in FIG. 2, bottom edge 15 is a fold line between side panels 12, 14, which is formed when a single sheet of film is folded to form the two side panels. In some embodiments, bottom edge 15
25 can be a seal created by the application of heat and pressure to side panels 12, 14.

A zipper closure arrangement 20 (shown partially in phantom in FIG. 1) having mating closure profiles to open and close (unseal and reseal) the package 10 extends from first side edge 13 to second side edge 17 in close proximity to top edge 19 of package 10, as seen in FIG. 1. The zipper closure 20 can include a variety of

configurations and structures. Zipper closure 20 can be configured in any known manner, for example, such as disclosed in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,240,241; 4,246,288; and 4,437,293; each of which is incorporated by reference herein. In FIG. 2, zipper closure 20 is illustrated with mating closure profiles such as a first mating profile 22 and a second mating profile 24. First mating profile 22 and second mating profile 24 engage and disengage, as appropriate, to open and close package 10. Still referring to FIG. 2, first and second mating profiles 22, 24 of zipper closure 20 are attached to the inside of side panels 12, 14, respectively, by sealing flanges 26, 28, respectively.

A slider device 30 is mounted on zipper closure 20 to facilitate opening and closing of zipper closure 20. Slider devices and how they function to open and close zipper closures, in general, are taught, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,063,644; 5,301,394; 5,442,837, and 5,664,229, each of which is incorporated by reference herein. A preferred slider device is taught in U.S. patent applications 09/365,215 and 29/108,657, both filed July 30, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference in their entirety. Although shown schematically in FIGS. 1 through 4, slider device 30 is preferably constructed and arranged in accordance with the disclosures of the patent applications 09/365,215 and 29/108,657.

Two portions of zipper closure 20, one close to first side edge 13 and another close to second side edge 17, act as slider stop areas; these slider stop areas are preferably crushed, such as by ultrasonic crushing, at crush areas 23, 27 in FIG. 1. These slider stop areas or crush areas 23, 27 securely seal first and second mating profiles 22, 24 together to minimize the chance of slider device 30 sliding off the side edges 13, 17 of package 10. The slider stop areas or crush areas 23, 27 further minimize the tendency for slider device 30 to abut against either of first side edge 13 or second side edge 17.

A notch (not shown) is preferably disposed within zipper closure 20. The notch is designed to provide a "park place" into which slider device 30 settles when zipper closure 20 is sealed. Such a notch may decrease any tendency for an incomplete interlock between first mating profile 22 and second mating profile 24. Examples of

notches are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,067,208 and 5,301,395, each of which is incorporated by reference herein.

In FIGS. 1 and 2, package 10 includes a tamper-evident structure 35 disposed at top edge 19 to retain slider device 30 close to first side edge 13 and preferably within any notch. By “tamper-evident”, it is meant that it provides an indication to the consumer as to whether the package 10 has been previously opened. In order to access the interior 11 (FIG. 2) of package 10, the tamper-evident structure 35 needs to be penetrated. In the embodiment depicted in FIGS. 1 and 2, tamper-evident structure 35 covers and forms a complete enclosure around a majority of the zipper closure 20 while leaving slider device 30 exposed. As best seen in FIG. 2, tamper-evident structure 35 extends from below zipper closure 20 and encases and surrounds first and second mating profiles 22, 24 of zipper closure 20. Further, tamper-evident structure 35 extends from first side edge 13 (FIG. 1) along top edge 19 to second side edge 17 and encases the majority of zipper closure 20, but does not encase slider device 30. Rather, an opening 31 within tamper-evident structure 35, located close to first side edge 13 where slider device 30 is seated, provides access to slider device 30.

Opening 31 is shown in FIG. 1 as a circle which extends through both sides, that is, through first and second side panels 12, 14, of tamper-evident structure 35. Opening 31 can be any shape or size that is sufficiently large to allow a consumer to view slider device 30 and confirm that slider device 30 has not been moved so as to open zipper closure 20. Opening 31 can be a circle, an oval, a square, triangle, star, or any regular or irregular shape that is entirely defined by tamper evident-structure 35; that is, opening 31 is totally surrounded by tamper-evident structure 35. Opening 31 can extend through each of first and second side panels 12, 14, or can extend through only one of side panels 12, 14. In some embodiments, a portion of zipper closure 20 may be viewable through opening 31; however, it is preferred that the distance between slider device 30 and tamper evident-structure 35 (at the edges of opening 31) is no greater than about 2 cm, preferably no greater than about 1 cm. In another embodiment, this distance is no less than about 0.5 mm. Typically, the distance between slider device

30 and tamper-evident structure 35 is about 1 mm to 1 cm, and preferably is about 2 mm to 5 mm (0.5 cm).

Tamper-evident structure 35 is formed by sealing the tops of side panels 12, 14 over zipper closure 20 at top edge 19, as best seen in FIG. 2. Preferably, the seal
5 along top edge 19 of tamper-evident structure 35 is continuous; that is, with no unsealed lengths between side panels 12, 14 along top edge 19. However, in some embodiments spot sealing along top edge 19 may be acceptable. Additionally, in some instances the seal may rip or tear, leaving small lengths of unsealed top edge 19. Each end of tamper-evident structure 35 is also preferably continuously sealed; that is, preferably tamper-
10 evident structure is sealed along first side edge 13 and second side edge 17 so that access cannot be gained to zipper closure 20 through the ends of tamper-evident structure 35. In some embodiments, first and second side panels 12, 14 are sealed together around the entire circumference or perimeter of opening 31; in other embodiments, only portions around the circumference are sealed. Any sealing can be
15 done by ultrasonic welding, thermal sealing, crushing, mechanical attachments, adhesive or solvent, or any combination thereof.

Slider device 30 is disposed within opening 31 and in some embodiments is limited to its position within opening 31 until tamper-evident structure 35 is removed. In order to gain access to the package interior 11, slider device 30 must be moved along
20 zipper closure 20, which can only be done if tamper-evident structure 35 has been penetrated; typically tamper-evident structure 35 has to be removed. Tamper-evident structure 35 includes an area of weakness 38, which allows for easy removal of tamper-evident structure 35. In some package embodiments, area of weakness 38 is a perforation line, laser score, tear-strip, zip strip, or any type of weakened area that
25 allows for easy removal of tamper-evident structure 35 to expose zipper closure 20 so that slider device 30 can be moved. Area of weakness 38 extends along the length of tamper evident-structure 35 and is positioned below zipper closure 20, to minimize any remnants of tamper evident-structure 35 that could interfere with the movement of slider device 30 along zipper closure 20.

When tamper-evident structure 35 is present over zipper closure 20, the true top edge 29 of package 10 is encased within tamper-evident structure 35. Typically, the top edge 29 is defined by first and second mating profiles 22, 24. When tamper-evident structure 35 has been removed at area of weakness 38, the true top edge 29 is exposed and is the top most portion of package 10, not including slider device 30. There are no further film sections or other structures that extend above top edge 29.

FIG. 4 shows package 10 with tamper-evident structure 35 removed from over zipper closure 20. Top edge 29 is exposed and slider device 30 can be easily moved from first crush area 23 at first side edge 13 along zipper closure 20 to second crush area 27 at second side edge 17 to open zipper closure 20 and gain access to interior 11. Panel edge 40 is exposed where area of weakness 38 used to be. Note that when the tamper-evident structure 35 is removed, there is no significant amount of tamper-evident structure remaining above where area of weakness 38 used to be. There is no material left that may make physical contact with slider device 30 or might otherwise impair movement of slider device 30 along zipper closure 20.

FIG. 3 illustrates a second embodiment of a package 10', similar to package 10 of FIGS. 1 and 2, except that a second tamper-evident structure is included. As illustrated in FIG. 3, a second tamper-evident structure 36 can be positioned between side panels 12, 14; this provides a second barrier that needs to be broken in order to gain access to interior 11 of package 10'. Generally, this second tamper-evident structure 36 is considered an internal tamper-evident structure, because it is positioned between zipper closure 20 and interior 11. Second tamper-evident structure 36, as shown in FIG. 3, is a web of material, preferably polymeric film, extending between sealing flanges 26, 28 of first and second mating profiles 22, 24 along the length of zipper closure 20. Penetration of this second tamper-evident structure 36 can be accomplished by using a perforation line, a tear bead, zip strip, or the like.

Alternately or additionally, a peel seal can be positioned between side panels 12, 13 or sealing flanges 26, 28 to provide a hermetic barrier for the interior 11. A peel seal can be resealable; that is, it can be opened and resealed multiple times. Alternately, a peel seal can be a single use seal, which, once broken, cannot be resealed. Examples

of peel seals are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,925,316 and 5,893,645, each of which is incorporated by reference herein.

Package 10, and package 10', can be manufactured by techniques generally known in the art of packaging. In one embodiment, side panels 12, 14 may be formed by a single sheet or web of material that has been folded to form bottom edge 15, or two sheets of material can be sealed at bottom edge 15 to form package 10, 10'. Zipper closure 20 is brought between side panels 12, 14 and sealing flanges 26, 28 (FIG. 2) of zipper closure 20 are sealed to side panels 12, 14. In some embodiments, for example to manufacture package 10' of FIG. 3, zipper closure 20 may have second tamper-evident structure 36 (FIG. 3) incorporated within.

A topmost portion of each of side panels 12, 14 is brought over to encase zipper closure 20 and slider device 30. By the term "topmost", it is meant the portions of side panels 12, 14 not defining interior 11 (FIG. 2); in another aspect, "topmost" is meant to refer to the portions of side panels 12, 14 that form tamper-evident structure 35. The topmost portions of side panels 12, 14 are sealed at top edge 19 (FIG. 2) and tamper-evident structure 35 is formed. Opening 31 can be provided in the topmost portions of side panels 12, 14 before or after the side panels are sealed to form tamper-evident structure 35. Opening 31 can be formed by die cutting, slitting, laser cutting, or by any such method.

Side edges 13, 17 are made typically by thermally sealing, and optionally cutting, side panels 12, 14. Side edges 13, 17 can be made before or after tamper-evident structure 35 is made.

To open the bag construction of FIGS. 1 and 2, and of FIG. 3, first tamper-evident structure 35 is removed by tearing along the area of weakness 38, providing access to the zipper closure 20 and slider device 30. This leaves a structure as shown in FIG. 4. The slider device 30 may then be moved from its position at first side edge 13 (FIG. 1) along zipper closure 20 to second side edge 17 (FIG. 1); movement of slider device 30 along zipper closure 20 unmates first and second mating profiles 22, 24 (FIGS. 2 and 3) and provides access to interior 11 (FIG. 2). For packages such as

We claim:

- 1 1. A flexible, reclosable package comprising:
 - 2 (a) first and second panel sections defining an interior;
 - 3 (b) a zipper closure sealed to each of first and second panel sections along a
4 top edge, the zipper closure extending from a first side edge to a second
5 side edge and comprising first and second mating profiles;
 - 6 (c) a slider device constructed and arranged for mounting on the zipper
7 closure and for interlocking the first mating profile with the second
8 mating profile when the slider device is moved in a first direction and
9 disengaging the first mating profile from the second mating profile when
10 the slider device is moved in a second opposite direction; the slider
11 device being operably mounted on the zipper closure; and
 - 12 (d) a first tamper-evident structure disposed at the top edge and encasing a
13 first portion of the zipper closure, the tamper-evident structure having an
14 opening exposing the slider device, the opening defined by the tamper-
15 evident structure.
- 1 2. The package according to claim 1, wherein:
 - 2 (a) the opening in the first tamper evident-structure is a circle.
- 1 3. The package according to claim 1, further comprising:
 - 2 (a) a second tamper evident-structure positioned between the zipper closure
3 and the interior, the second tamper evident-structure extending from the
4 first panel section to the second panel section.
- 1 4. The package according to claim 3, wherein:
 - 2 (a) the second tamper evident-structure is an extension of web material
3 between the first and second mating profiles.

- 1 5. The package according to claim 1, wherein:
2 (a) the first portion of the zipper closure comprises at least 80% of the zipper
3 closure between the first side edge and the second side edge.
- 1 6. The package according to claim 5, wherein:
2 (a) the first portion of the zipper closure comprises at least 90% of the zipper
3 closure between the first side edge and the second side edge.
- 1 7. The package according to claim 1, wherein:
2 (a) the slider device is positioned within the opening of the first tamper
3 evident-structure.
- 1 8. The package according to claim 1, further comprising:
2 (a) an area of weakness.
- 1 9. The package according to claim 8, wherein:
2 (a) the area of weakness is a perforation line.
- 1 10. The package according to claim 8, wherein:
2 (a) the area of weakness extends along the first tamper evident-structure
3 below the zipper closure.
- 1 11. The package according to claim 1, wherein:
2 (a) positioned at the first side edge is a first slider stop area and at the second
3 side edge is a second slider stop area.
- 1 12. The package according to claim 11, wherein:
2 (a) the first slider stop area is a first crush area and the second slider stop
3 area is a second crush area.

1 13. A method of using a flexible package, the flexible package comprising a
2 package body defining an interior; a zipper closure extending along a first edge of the
3 package body, the zipper closure comprising first and second mating profiles and
4 providing access to the interior; a slider device mounted on the zipper closure, the slider
5 device interlocking the first mating profile with the second mating profile when the
6 slider device is moved in a first direction and disengaging the first mating profile from
7 the second mating profile when the slider device is moved in a second opposite
8 direction; and a tamper-evident structure encasing a first portion of the zipper closure,
9 the tamper-evident structure defining an opening that provides access to the slider
10 device; wherein the method comprises:

- 11 (a) removing the tamper-evident structure device from the flexible package;
12 and
13 (b) moving the slider device in a first direction to disengage the first and
14 second mating profiles, thereby providing access to the package interior.

1 14. The method according to claim 13, wherein the step of removing the tamper-
2 evident structure from the flexible package comprises:

- 3 (a) removing the tamper-evident structure at an area of weakness.

1 15. The method according to claim 14, wherein the step of removing the tamper-
2 evident structure at an area of weakness comprises:

- 3 (a) removing the tamper-evident structure at a perforation line.

1 16. The method according to claim 13, wherein the step of removing the tamper-
2 evident structure from the flexible package comprises:

- 3 (a) removing the tamper-evident structure from the flexible package below
4 the zipper closure.

1 17. A method of making a package comprising a package body defining an interior;
2 a zipper closure comprising a first mating profile and a second mating profile extending

3 along a first edge of the package body, the zipper closure providing access to the
4 interior; a slider device operably mounted on the zipper closure, the slider device
5 interlocking the first mating profile with the second mating profile when the slider
6 device is moved in a first direction and for disengaging the first mating profile from the
7 second mating profile when the slider device is moved in a second opposite direction,
8 and a tamper-evident structure at least partially encasing the zipper closure; the method
9 comprising:

- 10 (a) providing a package body having an interior surface and defining a
11 package interior;
- 12 (b) attaching a zipper closure to the interior surface of the package body;
- 13 (c) mounting a slider device onto the zipper closure;
- 14 (d) forming a tamper-evident structure over the zipper closure and the slider
15 device with the package body by:
 - 16 (i) sealing the package body above the zipper closure;
 - 17 (ii) forming an opening in the tamper-evident structure, at a first end
18 of the tamper-evident structure, in which the slider device resides;
19 the opening defined by the tamper-evident structure; and
 - 20 (iii) providing an area of weakness within the tamper-evident
21 structure.

Abstract

A flexible, reclosable package having a reclosable zipper construction openable and closeable by a slider device, and a tamper-evident structure disposed over the zipper construction to provide indication whether access has been gained to the interior of the package. A second tamper-evident structure may be disposed between the zipper construction and the package interior. This second structure may be a web or a peel seal.

CERTIFICATE UNDER 37 CFR 1.10:

"Express Mail" mailing label number: EK751888765US

Date of Deposit: July 21, 2000

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231.

By: Sharon L. Guthrie

Name: Sharon L. Guthrie

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FIG. 1

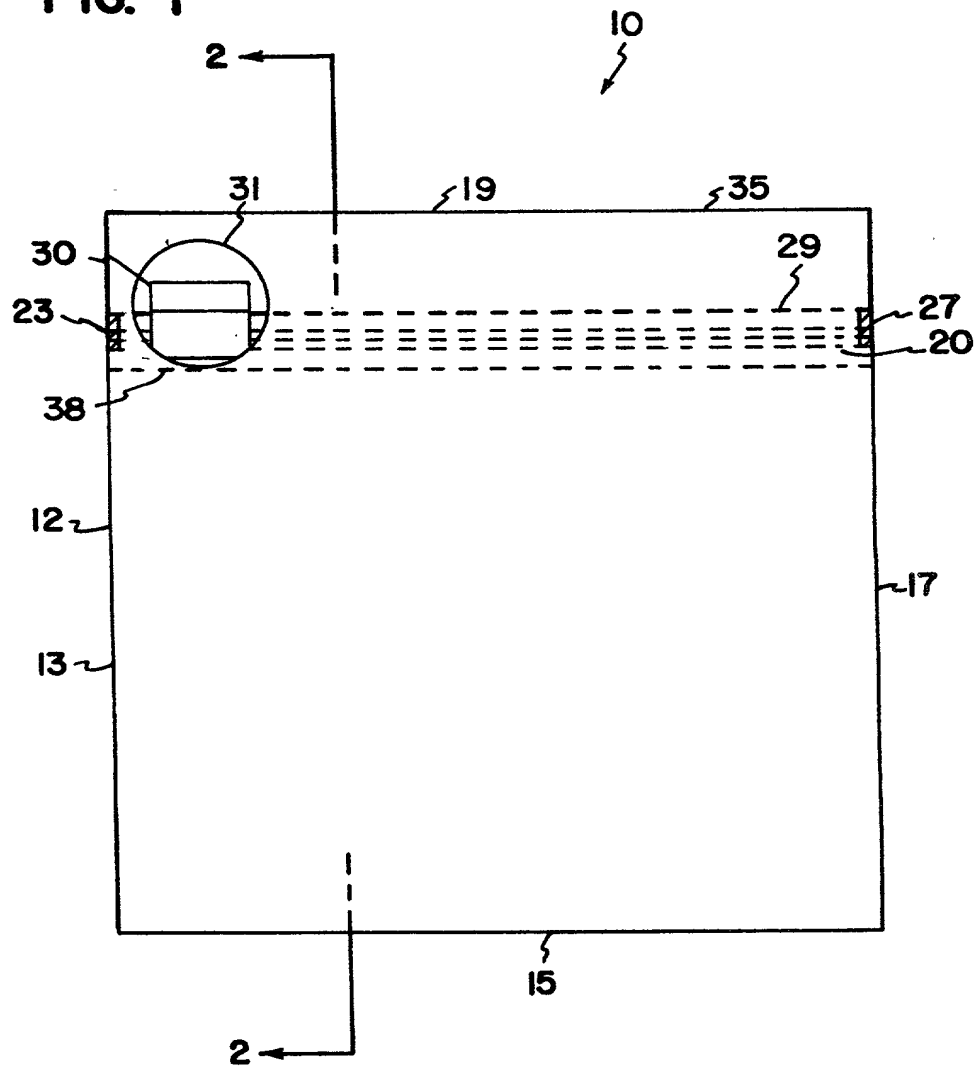


FIG. 2

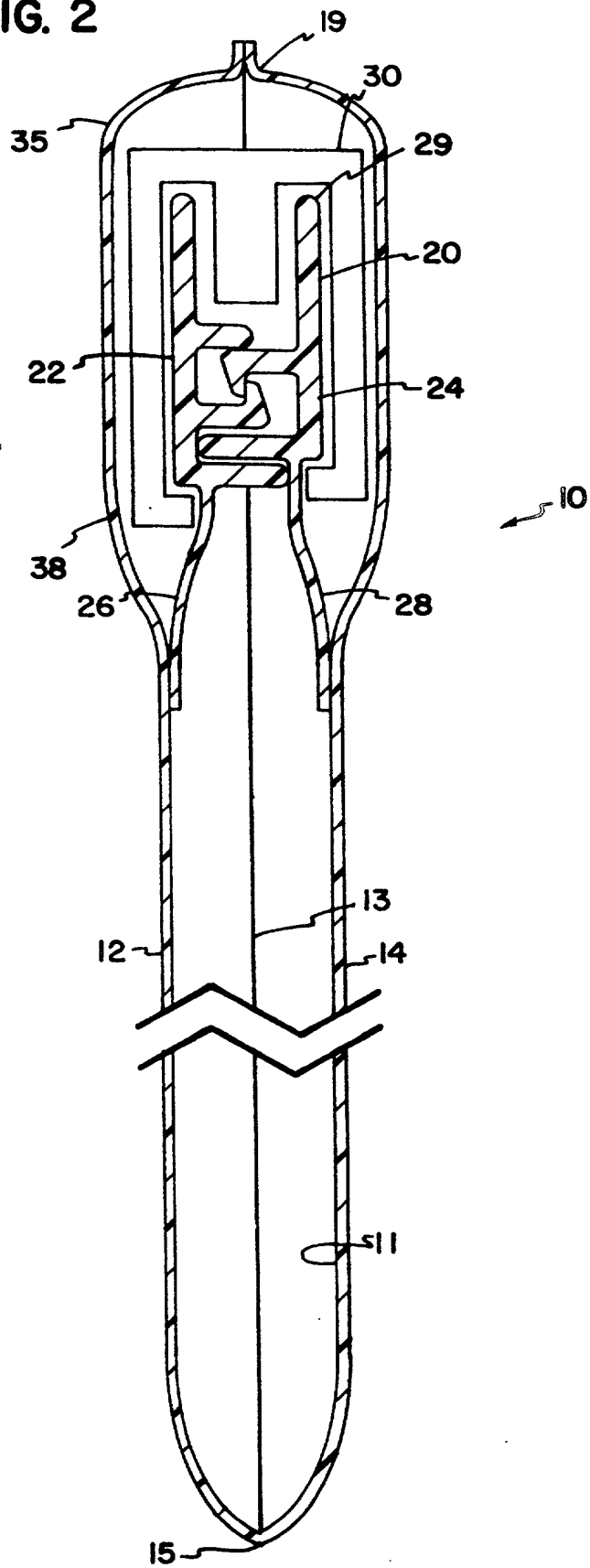


FIG. 3

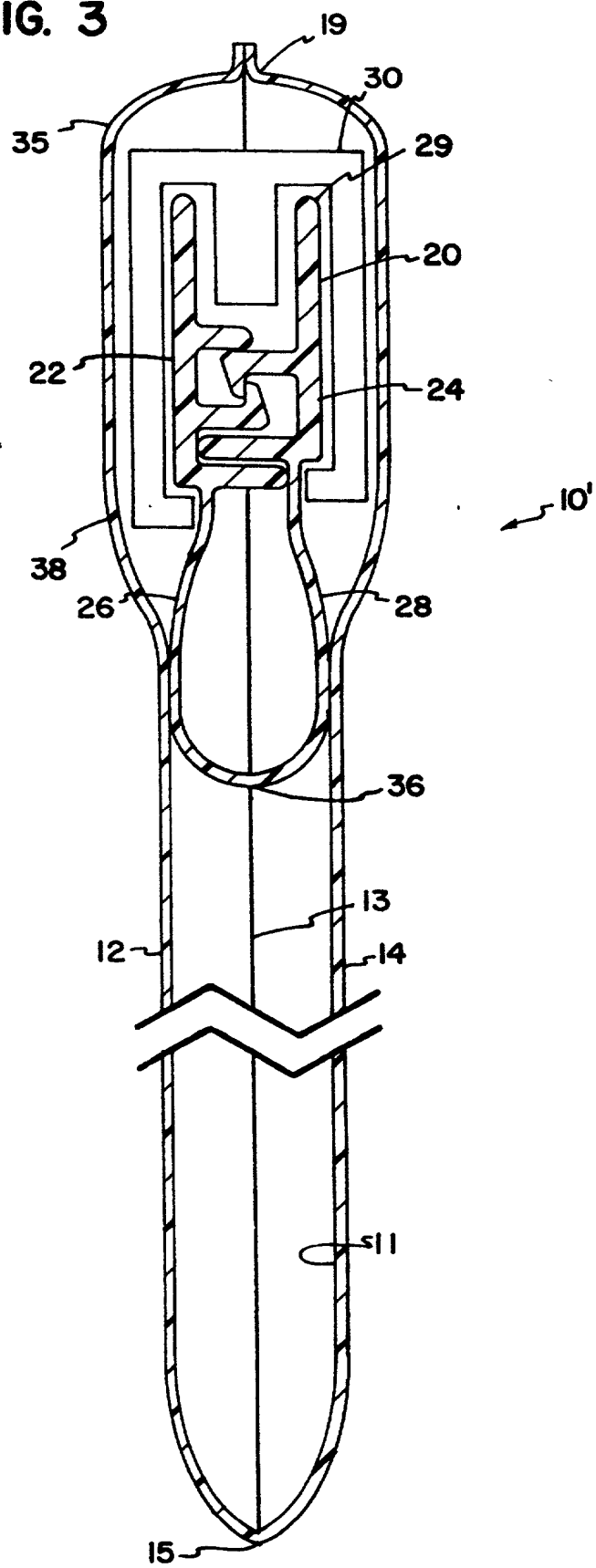
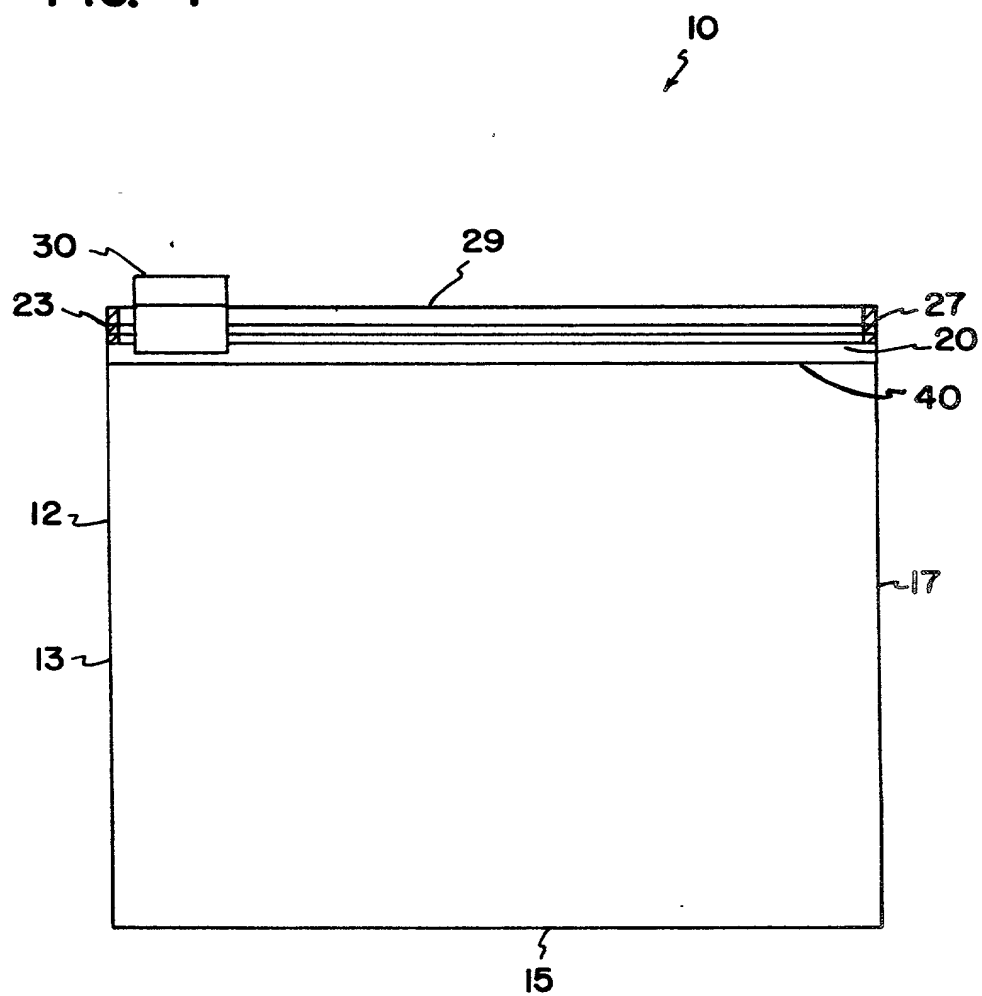


FIG. 4



As a below-named inventor, I declare that:

I believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: RECLOSABLE PACKAGE HAVING A ZIPPER CLOSURE, SLIDER DEVICE AND TAMPER-EVIDENT STRUCTURE which:

[X] is attached hereto.

[] was filed on as United States Application Number or PCT International Application Number and was amended on . (if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119(a)-(d) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)	Priority Claimed
------------------------------	------------------

(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	[Yes]	[No]
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(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	[Yes]	[No]
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I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which occurred between

the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)
		(patented, pending , abandoned)

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)
		(patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint Alan M. Biddison (Reg. No. 26,841) my attorney to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, with full power of substitution and revocation. Address all telephone calls to Mr. Biddison at telephone No. (804) 281-2410.

Address all correspondence to Law Department, Patent Section, Reynolds Metals Company, 6601 West Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia 23230.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Full Name of Sole or First Inventor	Signature and Date

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